## -continued

```
<210> SEQ ID NO 13
<211> LENGTH: 50
<212> TYPE: RNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: aptamer
<400> SEQUENCE: 13
uugggguggg guggggaaag uccuuaaaag agggccacca cagaagcaau
                                                                        50
<210> SEQ ID NO 14
<211> LENGTH: 86
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213 > ORGANISM: Artificial
<220> FEATURE:
<223 > OTHER INFORMATION: aptamer
<400> SEQUENCE: 14
                                                                        60
gggagcttet ggactgegat gggagcaega aacgtegtgg egcaattggg tggggaaagt
                                                                        86
ccttaaaaga gggccaccac agaagc
<210> SEQ ID NO 15
<211> LENGTH: 120
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213 > ORGANISM: Artificial
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: aptamer
<400> SEQUENCE: 15
gggaatggat ccacatctac gaattcccaa cgactgccga gcgagattac gcttgagcgc
                                                                        60
cccactgagg atgcccacgg gcgattgggg cacggcttca ctgcagactt gacgaagctt
                                                                       120
```

## What is claimed:

- 1. A method for analyzing a molecular target in a sample, said method comprising:
  - providing an aptamer, wherein said aptamer is a high affinity binding partner to at least a portion of the molecular target in the sample;
  - contacting said aptamer with said sample containing the molecular target under conditions effective for the molecular target and aptamer to bind to each other;
  - separating the molecular target from the sample to form a molecular target enriched sample; and
  - analyzing the separated molecular target of the enriched sample.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said analyzing comprises a method selected from mass spectrometry, cryoelectron microscopy, and nucleotide sequencing.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the molecular target comprises one or more biomolecules.
- **4**. The method of claim **3**, wherein the one or more biomolecules is selected from a protein, polypeptide, peptide, ribonucleic acid (RNA), deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA), lipid, carbohydrate, and any combination thereof.
  - 5. The method of claim 1, further comprising;
  - providing, after said separating, a binding agent that binds to a different portion of the molecular target than bound by the aptamer;

- contacting the molecular target enriched sample with the binding agent under conditions effective for the molecular target and binding agent to bind to each other;
- immunoprecipitating the binding agent to isolate the molecular target from the enriched sample, whereby said isolated molecular target is subjected to said analyzing.
- **6**. The method of claim **5**, wherein the binding agent is an antibody or binding fragment thereof.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the sample is cross-linked prior to said contacting with said aptamer.
  - 8. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
  - providing a binding agent that binds to a different portion of the second molecular target than bound by the aptamer;
  - introducing the binding agent into the sample, prior to said contacting with said aptamer, under conditions effective for the molecular target and binding agent to bind to each other;
  - immunoprecipitating the binding agent to isolate the molecular target from the sample, whereby said isolated molecular target is subjected to said contacting with said aptamer.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein said sample is cross-linked prior to introducing the binding agent.
- 10. The method of any one of claim 8, wherein the binding agent is an antibody or binding fragment thereof.